

#### NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

Protecting Lives and Property for 150 Years



## What Makes A Big Flood In the Northeast?

It's not just about heavy rainfall...

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Flash Flooding on the Long Island Expressway from 11 inches of rain in  $\sim$  3 hours! August 13<sup>th</sup>, 2014.

#### **Overview**

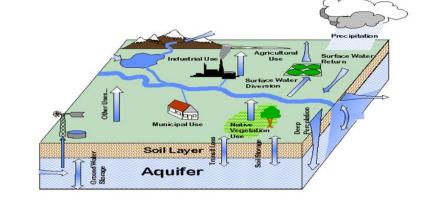
- The ingredients necessary for significant floods
- The types of storm systems capable of producing significant floods
- Antecedent conditions are key!
- Can happen anytime of year in the region

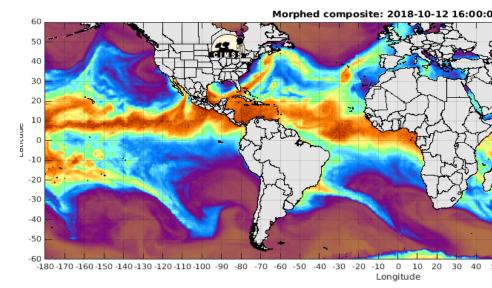


Record flooding along the Shawsheen River during the Mother's Day Floods, Lawrence, MA – May 16<sup>th</sup>, 2006. Source: Eagle Tribune

## **Key Ingredients**

- Antecedent conditions:
  - Soil moisture and streamflow
  - Snow water in the snowpack
- The theme of the pattern
  - An active weather pattern
  - Anomalous moisture content for the given time of year
    - Tropical connections!
  - Slow moving fronts/storms
  - One behemoth storm or multiple storms in a row
  - Is it driven by thunderstorms

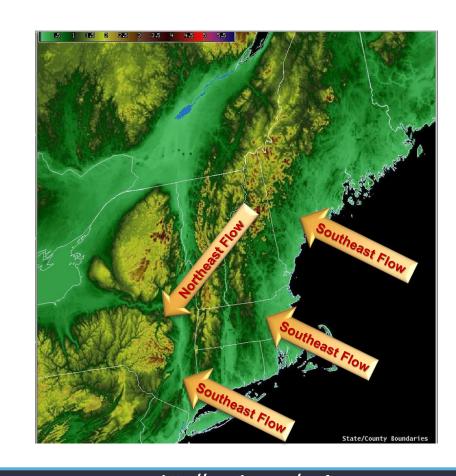




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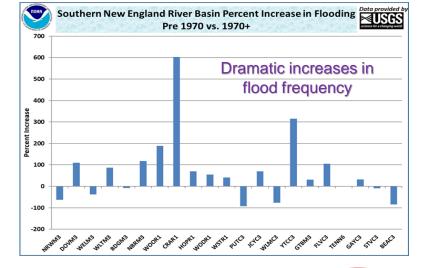
## Don't forget the "Givens"

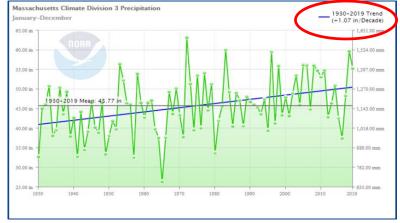
- The significance of the terrain
  - Upslope and add a lot of vigor to rainfall production
- The urban corridors
  - Too much impervious surface and / or an aging & underdesigned stormwater infrastructure
  - Too much encroachment into the floodplain



## **Our Changing Climate!**

- Common themes across New England:
  - Increasing annual precipitation
  - Increasing frequency of heavy rains
  - Warming annual temperatures
  - Wildly varying seasonal snowfall
- Shift in precipitation frequency (50, 100 yr – 24 hr rain)
- For smaller (<800 sq mi) basins:
  - Trend toward increased flood magnitude and/or frequency
  - Most pronounced where significant land use change and/or urbanization has occurred





### **Types of Storm Systems**

#### Large scale storms

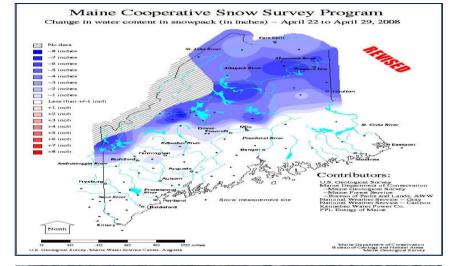
- Nor'easters accompanied by significant warm up, rapidly melting snows, and heavy rainfall
- Tropical Cyclones historically the most devastating of all events!
- Southern Gales large intense storm moving through the Great Lakes driving wind and rain through the region
- Stalled out fronts where thunderstorms erupt
  - Summertime occurrence
  - Typically isolated to small areas of impact
  - Hard to predict accurately in advance





# Exhibit A: April 2008 Snowmelt & back to back rains!

- Deep and wet snowpack
  - Water content of 6 to 14 inches on April 22<sup>nd</sup>
  - 4 to 8 inches lost just between April
     22<sup>nd</sup> and 29<sup>th</sup>
- Active weather pattern
  - Produce back to back significant rainfall events
  - Total precipitation for the week of April 22-29 was 4-8 inches
- The result: Record Flooding





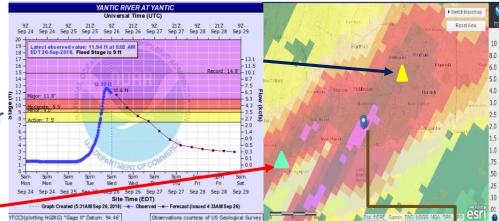
Record flooding along Fish and Saint John Rivers in northern Maine, April 29th, 2008. Source: USGS

#### **Exhibit B: Flash Flooding in Connecticut** Slow moving front with training thunderstorms, Sept 2018

- Slow moving cold front and very tropical air produced training thunderstorms & 5-8 inches of rain
  - Moving over the same locations over a 3-6 hour period
- The result: Water Rescues



Westport firefighters rescued two adults and two children from vehicles that were swept off the road by floodwaters. Crews had to break a window to extricate one victim, but no injuries were reported.



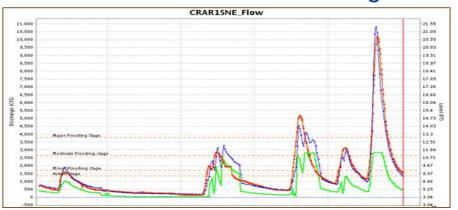
#### Killingsworth, CT received 6.78 inches in < 12 hours 3hr ~ 50 yr event and the 6-12 hr ~ 75-100 yr event

Duration	Obs	Approx ARI	1	2	5	10	25	50	100
1h	1.56	~5-yr	0.993	1.2	1.53	1.81	2.19	2.49	2.78
2h	2.95	~25-yr	1.31	1.58	2.01	2.37	2.86	3.24	3.63
3h	3.74	~50-yr	1.53	1.83	2.34	2.75	3.32	3.76	4.21
6h	4.95	>50-yr	1.95	2.34	2.98	3.51	4.24	4.8	5.36
12h	6.21	>50-yr	2.42	2.91	3.71	4.38	5.29	6	6.7
24h	6.78	>25-yr	2.84	3.44	4.43	5.25	6.38	7.25	8.13

# Exhibit C: March 2010

#### Back-to-back heavy rains

- Active weather pattern
  - 4 major rain events in 5 weeks
  - 20 inches of rain in 30 days
  - 3 of the events in 2.5 weeks
- The result: Record Flooding



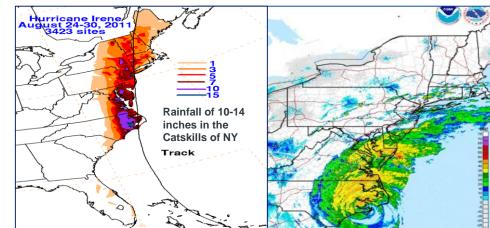




#### **Exhibit D: Tropical Storm Irene**

#### **Heavy rainfall west of track**

- Classic New England Tropical Cyclone
  - Wind/surge to the east & torrential rains to the west
- Slower moving and feeding off a rich tropical air mass
- Preceded by a wet spring and summer
- The result: Catastrophic Flooding from 10-14 inches of rainfall in a 9-15 hour period!







Catastrophic Flooding - Prattsville, NY

# **Summary**

- Floods can occur at any point in the year
  - They come in a variety of shapes and sizes
- The alignment of key atmospheric and hydrologic ingredients can lead to widespread major flooding
- Topography can influence severity
- Impacts are compounded by land use changes combined with our changing climate







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QUESTIONS?

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